Name: $\qquad$

Date:: $\qquad$
Algebra \& Trigonometry Quiz
Chapter R. 1

## Trip-Wire Diagonistics

Let $\{p, q\}$ be any two integers (i.e. ... $-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3, \ldots$ ) BUT where $q$ isn't zero. Consider the fraction $x=p / q$.

Give an example of $\{p, q\}$ where $x$ winds up being an integer:
Give an example of $\{p, q\}$ where $x$ is a rational number:
Yes or No: Can you find an example of $\{p, q\}$ where $x$ is a natural number?
Yes or No: Can you find an example of $\{p, q\}$ where $x$ is a non-repeating decimal?

## Core Questions:

For the following sets, draw a graph on the number line. Then write as interval notation.
14. $\{x \mid 1<x \leq 6\}$
20. $\{x \mid-3>x\}$

For the following graph, write the interval notation and then write as a set.
26.


Name the property or real numbers illustrated by these statements:
48. $3+(x+y)=(3+x)+y$
58. $9 x+9 y=9(x+y)$

Find the distance between the following two points on the number line:
74. $-14,-3$

## Competitive Problem:

85. The hypotenuse of an isosceles right triangle with legs of length 1 unit can be used to "measure" a value for $\sqrt{2}$ by using the Pythagorean theorem, as shown.


$$
\begin{aligned}
c^{2} & =1^{2}+1^{2} \\
c^{2} & =2 \\
c & =\sqrt{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Draw a right triangle that could be used to "measure" $\sqrt{10}$ units.

